M1. (a) Cyclohexane evolves 120 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup>

 $\therefore$  (expect triene to evole) 360 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup> (1) or 3 × 120

360 – 208 = 152 kJ **(1)** NOT 150

152 can score first 2

QofL: benzene lower in energy / <u>more</u> (stated) stable (1) Not award if mentions energy required for bond breaking due to <u>delocalisation</u> (1) or explained

(b) (i) phenylamine weaker (1) *if wrong no marks* 

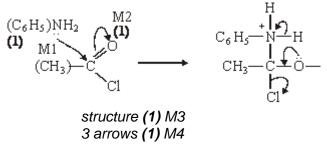
lone pair on N (less available) (1) delocalised into ring (1) or "explained"

3

6

4

(ii) addition – elimination (1)



N-phenyl ethanamide (1)

(1) M2

(iv) peptide / amide (1)

NaOH (aq) **(1)** HCl conc or dil or neither H₂SO₄ dil NOT conc NOT just H₂O

2

6

## Notes

- (a) 360 or 3 × 120 or in words (1);
  - 152 NOT 150 (1); (152 can get first two marks)
  - Q of L benzene <u>more</u> stable but not award if ΔH values used to say that more energy is required by benzene for hydrogenation compared with the triene or if benzene is only compared with cyclohexene (1);
  - delocalisation or explained (1)
- (b) (ii) or N-phenylacetamide or acetanilide mechanism: if shown as substitution can only gain M1 if CH₃CO+ formed can only gain M1 lose M4 if Cl<sup>-</sup> removes H<sup>+</sup> be lenient with structures for M1 and M2 but must be correct for M3 C alone loses M2
  - (iii) No marks for name of mechanism in this part if conc missing can score one for both acids (or in equation) allow two equations

allow HNO<sub>3</sub> + H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>  $\rightarrow$  NO<sup>2+</sup> + HSO<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup> + H<sub>2</sub>O ignore side chain in mechanism even if wrong arrow for M1 must come from niside hexagon arrow to NO<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> must go to N but be lenient over position of + + must not be too near "tetrahedral" Carbon horseshoe from carbons 2-6 but don't be too harsh

(iv) reagent allow NaOH

HCl conc or dil or neither  $H_2SO_4$  dil or neither but not conc not just  $H_2O$ 

[1]